

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: RABBAIT® 1080 Oat Bait

Recommended Use: For the control of rabbits

Distance restrictions apply as per state/territory government legislation.
Only to be used in accordance with the label and any state/territory instructions for 1080 products.

Note: This product is only made available to approved purchasers and is not for general use by unqualified persons and must not be made available to unapproved users. This is a restricted chemical substance and must be stored securely.

Supplier Details

Company: Animal Control Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd
Address: 46-50 Freight Drive Somerton Vic 3062, Australia
Telephone number: 03 9308 9688 (Monday to Friday, 8:00a.m. – 5:00p.m. EST)
Emergency telephone number: Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26 (24 hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification: Not classified as a hazardous substance according to the criteria of NOHSC.
Not classified as a dangerous good according to the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code.

Risk phrase(s): None
Safety phrase(s): None
Poisons schedule number: S7

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

| Chemical Name: | Common Name: | CAS Number: | Proportion (w/w): |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Sodium fluoroacetate | “1080” | 62-74-8 | 0.4g/kg |
| Other ingredients not determined to be hazardous | | N/A | up to 100% |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid: Speed in treatment is essential. If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Have this MSDS or the label with you.

Swallowed: Seek immediate medical assistance.

Eye: If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

Skin: If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove from contaminated area.

Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Inhaled: There is no inhalation risk with the product.

Advice to doctor: The bait contains 0.04% w/w (0.4g/kg) sodium fluoroacetate. Sodium fluoroacetate is also known as ‘Compound 1080’.

It is important to ascertain the route of exposure and the quantity of bait exposed to. Sodium fluoroacetate is readily absorbed by the oral route and acts after metabolic conversion to fluorocitrate by blocking enzymes in the tricarboxylic acid cycle inhibiting metabolic energy production. Organs with high energy requirements such as the heart, diaphragm and brain are most affected. Accumulation of citrate and disturbances in calcium ion levels can lead to symptoms. Early symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, stomach pains, tingling of the nose, numbness of the face, nervousness. More severe symptoms include, convulsions, laboured breathing, excitability, hallucinations and heart attack. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Monitor for electrolyte abnormalities and metabolic acidosis. If caught early induce vomiting, if not emesis if contraindicated because of the potential for arrhythmia and convulsions. Consult poisons control for most up to date information. Sodium fluoroacetate is not readily absorbed through skin and is very water soluble prompt washing in soapy water will minimise risk after accidental skin exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire & explosion hazards: The bait is not flammable and will not auto-ignite.
Suitable extinguishing media: Water, foam, powder
Hazards from combustion: None applicable
Special protective equipment: Respirator, filter A/P

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills and Disposal: Sodium fluoroacetate is water soluble. While wearing elbow-length PVC gloves, sweep-up spilt bait using a broom and shovel and place in sealed containers. Bury contaminated waste and excess product below 500 mm. Triple rinse and bury rinsate and empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 0.5m in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers should not be burnt. Do NOT re-use containers for any other purpose. Sodium fluoroacetate is readily degraded by common soil bacteria and moulds. Wash any contaminated areas with soapy water and bury rinsate from washed areas.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: To avoid risks for man and environment the instructions for use are to be followed. Avoid all contact with the product and wear protective clothing and gloves
Conditions for safe storage: Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Store in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

National exposure standards: Exposure standards allocated for sodium fluoroacetate powder are 0.05mg/m³ Time weighted average. Short Term Exposure Levels are 0.15mg.m³. Avoid direct contact with skin. There is no dust associated with this product.
Biological limit values: No biological limit allocated.
Engineering controls: The product formulation dilutes the concentration of sodium fluoroacetate.
Personal protective equipment: When opening the container and using baits wear elbow-length PVC gloves.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Appearance: | Oats coloured with a blue dye. |
| pH: | Not available |
| Vapour pressure: | Not applicable |
| Vapour density: | Not applicable |
| Boiling point / range: | Not applicable |
| Freezing / melting point: | Not available |
| Solubility in water: | The oat bait is not soluble in water. |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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| Chemical stability: | Stable for extended periods under normal storage and handling conditions. |
| Incompatible materials: | None applicable |
| Hazardous decomposition products: | No specific data |
| Hazardous reactions: | No specific data |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: Based on the lowest known lethal dose for humans (0.71 mg/kg bw), an 80 kg person would have to consume approximately 140g of bait to receive a lethal dose. Lower doses may still cause toxic effects. There is usually period of latency between poisoning and onset of symptoms of between 30 minutes and 3 hours. Neurological effects include convulsion, respiratory depression, tremulousness, hallucinations and coma. Cardiac effects include, hypertension then hypotension, arrhythmias, ventricular fibrillation and cardiac failure.

Acute:

| | |
|------------|---|
| Swallowed: | Very poisonous if swallowed. Lethal doses can cause cardiac arrest. |
| Eye: | Avoid contact with eyes. Effects not known. |
| Skin: | Avoid contact with skin. Studies with rabbits have shown that 1080 is poorly absorbed through the skin. |
| Inhaled: | Not applicable to this formulation. There is no inhalation or vapour risk with the product. |

Chronic:

Long term exposure at high doses may lead to cardiac and or testicular damage. Studies into the effects of chronic (90 day) exposure in rats have found damage to the heart, and in males the testis, at a dose of 0.25mg/kg/day. Though some of this damage may be reversible over time when exposure is removed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. Information on non-target animal distribution, conservation status, habitat preference, diet, tolerance to 1080, body weight and size of home range can be used to reduce poisoning risks posed by baiting programs. Time baiting programs when non-target species are least active or least susceptible. Follow approved label directions to minimise risks to non-target animals.

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| Ecotoxicity: | Sodium fluoroacetate is toxic to fish but is rapidly diluted in water. Sodium fluoroacetate is readily degraded by common soil bacteria and moulds once baits become wet in soil. |
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Persistence and degradability: The poison and dye coating on the product is biologically degradable and will not accumulate in soil or water.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Break, crush or puncture and dispose of empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This product is not classified as a dangerous good according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code 6th Edn. (1998).

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|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| UN number: | Not applicable | UN proper shipping name: | Not applicable |
| Dangerous Goods Class: | Not applicable | Subsidiary Risk: | Not applicable |
| Packing group: | Not applicable | Hazchem code: | Not applicable |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons schedule number: S7

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation of this MSDS: 1 June 2008

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) has been developed using the following references:
National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2nd Edn. [NOHSC:2011(2003)]
Australian Dangerous Goods Code 6th Edn. (1998)
World Health Organisation (2006) WHO-UNEP Sound management of pesticides and diagnosis and treatment of pesticide poisoning.
Bruère, A.N., Cooper, B.S. and Dillon, E.A. (1990) *Veterinary Clinical Toxicology*, Continuing Education, Palmerston North, New Zealand.
Eason, C. and Turck, P. (2002) A 90-day Toxicological evaluation of compound 1080 (Sodium Monofluoroacetate) in Sprague-Dawley rats, *Toxicological Sciences*, vol. 69, pp. 439-447.

The physical values and properties described in this MSDS are typical values based on scientific literature and material produced to date, and are believed to be reliable. Animal Control Technologies provides no warranties, either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. The information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving information will make their own determination as to the suitability for their purposes prior to use of this product. Due care should be taken to ensure that the use of this product and its disposal is in compliance with all relevant Federal, State and Local Government regulations.

End of MSDS